# Your Employee Rights Under the Family and Medical Leave Act

### What is FMLA leave?

The Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) is a federal law that provides eligible employees with **job-protected leave** for qualifying family and medical reasons. The U.S. Department of Labor's Wage and Hour Division (WHD) enforces the FMLA for most employees.

Eligible employees can take **up to 12 workweeks** of FMLA leave in a 12-month period for:

- The birth, adoption or foster placement of a child with you,
- Your serious mental or physical health condition that makes you unable to work,
- To care for your spouse, child or parent with a serious mental or physical health condition, and
- Certain qualifying reasons related to the foreign deployment of your spouse, child or parent who is a military servicemember.

An eligible employee who is the spouse, child, parent or next of kin of a covered servicemember with a serious injury or illness <u>may</u> take up to **26 workweeks** of FMLA leave in a single 12-month period to care for the servicemember.

You have the right to use FMLA leave in **one block of time**. When it is medically necessary or otherwise permitted, you may take FMLA leave **intermittently in separate blocks of time, or on a reduced schedule** by working less hours each day or week. Read Fact Sheet #28M(c) for more information.

FMLA leave is **not paid leave**, but you may choose, or be required by your employer, to use any employer-provided paid leave if your employer's paid leave policy covers the reason for which you need FMLA leave.

# Am I eligible to take FMLA leave?

You are an  $eligible\ employee$  if  $\underline{all}$  of the following apply:

- You work for a covered employer,
- You have worked for your employer at least 12 months,
- You have at least 1,250 hours of service for your employer during the 12 months before your leave, and
- Your employer has at least 50 employees within 75 miles of your work location.

Airline flight crew employees have different "hours of service" requirements.

You work for a **covered employer** if **one** of the following applies:

- You work for a private employer that had at least 50 employees during at least 20 workweeks in the current or previous calendar year,
- You work for an elementary or public or private secondary school, or
- You work for a public agency, such as a local, state or federal government agency. Most federal employees are covered by Title II of the FMLA, administered by the Office of Personnel Management.

# How do I request FMLA leave?

Generally, to request FMLA leave you must:

- Follow your employer's normal policies for requesting leave,
- Give notice at least 30 days before your need for FMLA leave, or
- If advance notice is not possible, give notice as soon as possible.

You do <u>not</u> have to share a medical diagnosis but must provide enough information to your employer so they can determine whether the leave qualifies for FMLA protection. You <u>must</u> also inform your employer if **FMLA leave was previously taken** or approved for the same reason when requesting additional leave.

Your **employer** <u>may</u> request certification from a health care provider to verify medical leave and may request certification of a qualifying exigency.

The FMLA does not affect any federal or state law prohibiting discrimination or supersede any state or local law or collective bargaining agreement that provides greater family or medical leave rights.

State employees may be subject to certain limitations in pursuit of direct lawsuits regarding leave for their own serious health conditions. Most federal and certain congressional employees are also covered by the law but are subject to the jurisdiction of the U.S. Office of Personnel Management or Congress.

# What does my employer need to do?

If you are eligible for FMLA leave, your **employer** <u>must</u>:

- Allow you to take job-protected time off work for a qualifying reason,
- Continue your group health plan coverage while you are on leave on the same basis as if you had not taken leave, and
- Allow you to return to the same job, or a virtually identical job with the same pay, benefits and other working conditions, including shift and location, at the end of your leave.

Your **employer** <u>cannot</u> interfere with your FMLA rights or threaten or punish you for exercising your rights under the law. For example, your employer cannot retaliate against you for requesting FMLA leave or cooperating with a WHD investigation.

After becoming aware that your need for leave is for a reason that may qualify under the FMLA, your **employer** <u>must</u> **confirm whether you are eligible** or not eligible for FMLA leave. If your employer determines that you are eligible, your **employer must notify you in writing**:

- About your FMLA rights and responsibilities, and
- How much of your requested leave, if any, will be FMLA-protected leave.

# Where can I find more information?

Call 1-866-487-9243 or visit dol.gov/fmla to learn more.

If you believe your rights under the FMLA have been violated, you may file a complaint with WHD or file a private lawsuit against your employer in court. **Scan the QR code to learn about our WHD complaint process**.



**WAGE AND HOUR DIVISION**UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR



### Notice of Eligibility & Rights and Responsibilities under the Family and Medical Leave Act

### U.S. Department of Labor Wage and Hour Division



OMB Control Number: 1235-0003

DO NOT SEND TO THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR. PROVIDE TO EMPLOYEE.

PROVIDE TO EMPLOYEE.

Expires: 6/30/2023

In general, to be eligible to take leave under the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA), an employee must have worked for an employer for at least 12 months, meet the hours of service requirement in the 12 months preceding the leave, and work at a site with at least 50 employees within 75 miles. While use of this form is optional, a fully completed Form WH-381 provides employees with the information required by 29 C.F.R. 88.825.300(b). (c) which must be provided within five

381 provides employees with the information required by 29 C.F.R. §§ 825.300(b), (c) which must be provided within five business days of the employee notifying the employer of the need for FMLA leave. Information about the FMLA may be found on the WHD website at www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/fmla. From: (Employer) To: (Employee) On \_\_\_\_\_ (mm/dd/yyyy), we learned that you need leave (beginning on) (mm/dd/yyyy) for one of the following reasons: (Select as appropriate) Event: ☐ The birth of a child, or placement of a child with you for adoption or foster care, and to bond with the newborn or newly-placed child ☐ Your own serious health condition ☐ You are needed to care for your family member due to a serious health condition. Your family member is your: ☐ Parent ☐ Child under age 18 ☐ Child 18 years or older and incapable of self-☐ Spouse care because of a mental or physical disability A qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that your family member is on covered active duty or has been notified of an impending call or order to covered active duty status. Your family member on covered active duty is your: ☐ Parent ☐ Child of any age ☐ You are needed to care for your family member who is a covered servicemember with a serious injury or illness. You are the servicemember's: ☐ Parent ☐ Child □ Next of kin ☐ Spouse Spouse means a husband or wife as defined or recognized in the state where the individual was married, including in a common law marriage or same-sex marriage. The terms "child" and "parent" include in loco parentis relationships in which a person assumes the obligations of a parent to a child. An employee may take FMLA leave to care for an individual who assumed the obligations of a parent to the employee when the employee was a child. An employee may also take FMLA leave to care for a child for whom the employee has assumed the obligations of a parent. No legal or biological relationship is necessary. **SECTION I – NOTICE OF ELIGIBILITY** This Notice is to inform you that you are: □ Eligible for FMLA leave. (See Section II for any Additional Information Needed and Section III for information on your Rights and Responsibilities.) □ **Not eligible** for FMLA leave because: (Only one reason need be checked) ☐ You have not met the FMLA's 12-month length of service requirement. As of the first date of requested leave, you will have worked approximately: \_\_\_\_\_\_ towards this requirement.

☐ You have not met the FMLA's 1,250 hours of service requirement. As of the first date of requested leave, you

towards this requirement.

will have worked approximately:

(hours of service)

Em	ployee Name:				
	☐ You are an airline flight crew employee and you have not met the special hours of service eligibility requirements for airline flight crew employees as of the first date of requested leave (i.e., worked or been paid for at least 60% of your applicable monthly guarantee, and worked or been paid for at least 504 duty hours.)				
	☐ You do not work at and/or report to a site with 50 or more employees within 75-miles as of the date of your request.				
Ify	you have any questions, please contact: (Name of employer representative)				
at_	(Contact information).				
	SECTION II – ADDITIONAL INFORMATION NEEDED				
bel lea you	explained in Section I, you meet the eligibility requirements for taking FMLA leave. Please review the information ow to determine if additional information is needed in order for us to determine whether your absence qualifies as FMLA ve. Once we obtain any additional information specified below we will inform you, within 5 business days, whether it leave will be designated as FMLA leave and count towards the FMLA leave you have available. If complete and ficient information is not provided in a timely manner, your leave may be denied.				
(Se	lect as appropriate)				
	No additional information requested. If no additional information requested, go to Section III.				
	We request that the leave be supported by a certification, as identified below.				
	<ul> <li>□ Health Care Provider for the Employee</li> <li>□ Qualifying Exigency</li> <li>□ Health Care Provider for the Employee's Family Member</li> <li>□ Serious Illness or Injury (Military Caregiver Leave)</li> </ul>				
	Selected certification form is □ attached / □ not attached.				
	If requested, medical certification must be returned by (mm/dd/yyyy) (Must allow at least 15 calendar days from the date the employer requested the employee to provide certification, unless it is not feasible despite the employee's diligent, good faith efforts.)				
	We request that you provide reasonable documentation or a statement to establish the relationship between you and your family member, including <i>in loco parentis</i> relationships (as explained on page one). The information requested must be returned to us by				
	Other information needed (e.g. documentation for military family leave):				
	The information requested must be returned to us by (mm/dd/yyyy).				
If y	you have any questions, please contact: (Name of employer representative)				
	(Contact information).				

### SECTION III - NOTICE OF RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

### Part A: FMLA Leave Entitlement

You have a right under the FMLA to take unpaid, job-protected FMLA leave in a 12-month period for certain family and medical reasons, including up to 12 weeks of unpaid leave in a 12-month period for the birth of a child or placement of a child for adoption or foster care, for leave related to your own or a family member's serious health condition, or for certain qualifying exigencies related to the deployment of a military member to covered active duty. You also have a right

Emp	oloyee	e Name:
		e FMLA to take up to <b>26 weeks</b> of unpaid, job-protected FMLA leave in a single 12-month period to care for a servicemember with a serious injury or illness ( <i>Military Caregiver Leave</i> ).
The	12-m	nonth period for FMLA leave is calculated as: (Select as appropriate)
		The calendar year (January 1st - December 31st)
		A fixed leave year based on
		(e.g., a fiscal year beginning on July 1 and ending on June 30)
		The 12-month period measured forward from the date of your first FMLA leave usage.
		A "rolling" 12-month period measured backward from the date of any FMLA leave usage. (Each time an employee takes FMLA leave, the remaining leave is the balance of the 12 weeks not used during the 12 months immediately before the FMLA leave is to start.)
If ap	plica	able, the single 12-month period for Military Caregiver Leave started on (mm/dd/yyyy).
this	reaso	are $/\square$ are not) considered a key employee as defined under the FMLA. Your FMLA leave cannot be denied for on; however, we may not restore you to employment following FMLA leave if such restoration will cause all and grievous economic injury to us.
subs	stanti	have / $\square$ have not) determined that restoring you to employment at the conclusion of FMLA leave will cause all and grievous economic harm to us. Additional information will be provided separately concerning your status imployee and restoration.
You that you the leav requ	you o meet desig	Substitution of Paid Leave – When Paid Leave is Used at the Same Time as FMLA Leave e a right under the FMLA to request that your accrued paid leave be substituted for your FMLA leave. This means can request that your accrued paid leave run concurrently with some or all of your unpaid FMLA leave, provided any applicable requirements of our leave policy. Concurrent leave use means the absence will count against both nated paid leave and unpaid FMLA leave at the same time. If you do not meet the requirements for taking paid ou remain entitled to take available unpaid FMLA leave in the applicable 12-month period. Even if you do not at, the FMLA allows us to require you to use your available sick, vacation, or other paid leave during your FMLA
(Che	eck all	that apply)
		e or all of your FMLA leave will not be paid. Any unpaid FMLA leave taken will be designated as FMLA and counted against the amount of FMLA leave you have available to use in the applicable 12-month period.
	leave	have requested to use some or all of your available paid leave (e.g., sick, vacation, PTO) during your FMLA e. Any paid leave taken for this reason will also be designated as FMLA leave and counted against the amount of A leave you have available to use in the applicable 12-month period.
	leave	are requiring you to use some or all of your available paid leave (e.g., sick, vacation, PTO) during your FMLA e. Any paid leave taken for this reason will also be designated as FMLA leave and counted against the amount of A leave you have available to use in the applicable 12-month period.
	Any	er: (e.g., short- or long-term disability, workers' compensation, state medical leave law, etc.)  time taken for this reason will also be designated as FMLA leave and counted against the amount of A leave you have available to use in the applicable 12-month period.
The	appli	icable conditions for use of paid leave include:
For	more	e information about conditions applicable to sick/vacation/other paid leave usage please refer to

Employee Name:
Part C: Maintain Health Benefits  Your health benefits must be maintained during any period of FMLA leave under the same conditions as if you continued to work. During any paid portion of FMLA leave, your share of any premiums will be paid by the method normally used during any paid leave. During any unpaid portion of FMLA leave, you must continue to make any normal contributions to the cost of the health insurance premiums. To make arrangements to continue to make your share of the premium payments on your health insurance while you are on any unpaid FMLA leave, contact a
You have a minimum grace period of (\$\square\$ 30-days or \$\square\$ indicate longer period, if applicable) in which to make premium payments. If payment is not made timely, your group health insurance may be cancelled, provided we notify you in writing at least 15 days before the date that your health coverage will lapse, or, at our option, we may pay your share of the premiums during FMLA leave, and recover these payments from you upon your return to work.
You may be required to reimburse us for our share of health insurance premiums paid on your behalf during your FMLA leave if you do not return to work following <b>unpaid</b> FMLA leave for a reason other than: the continuation, recurrence, or onset of your or your family member's serious health condition which would entitle you to FMLA leave; or the continuation recurrence, or onset of a covered servicemember's serious injury or illness which would entitle you to FMLA leave; or other circumstances beyond your control.
Part D: Other Employee Benefits  Upon your return from FMLA leave, your other employee benefits, such as pensions or life insurance, must be resumed in the same manner and at the same levels as provided when your FMLA leave began. To make arrangements to continue your employee benefits while you are on FMLA leave, contact
Part E: Return-to-Work Requirements  You must be reinstated to the same or an equivalent job with the same pay, benefits, and terms and conditions of employment on your return from FMLA-protected leave. An equivalent position is one that is virtually identical to your former position in terms of pay, benefits, and working conditions. At the end of your FMLA leave, all benefits must also be resumed in the same manner and at the same level provided when the leave began. You do not have return-to-work rights under the FMLA if you need leave beyond the amount of FMLA leave you have available to use.
Part F: Other Requirements While on FMLA Leave
While on leave you ( $\square$ will be / $\square$ will not be) required to furnish us with periodic reports of your status and intent to return to work every .
(Indicate interval of periodic reports, as appropriate for the FMLA leave situation).
If the circumstances of your leave change and you are able to return to work earlier than expected, you will be required to notify us at least two workdays prior to the date you intend to report for work.

#### PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE AND PUBLIC BURDEN STATEMENT

It is mandatory for employers to provide employees with notice of their eligibility for FMLA protection and their rights and responsibilities. 29 U.S.C. § 2617; 29 C.F.R. § 825.300(b), (c). It is mandatory for employers to retain a copy of this disclosure in their records for three years. 29 U.S.C. § 2616; 29 C.F.R. § 825.500. Persons are not required to respond to this collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The Department of Labor estimates that it will take an average of 10 minutes for respondents to complete this collection of information, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. If you have any comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, send them to the Administrator, Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, Room S-3502, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20210.

DO NOT SEND THE COMPLETED FORM TO THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR. EMPLOYEE INFORMATION.

### THIS SECTION TO BE COMPLETED BY YOUR HEALTH CARE PROVIDER (HCP)

## YOUR HCP MAY RETURN THE COMPLETED FORMS

VIA FAX: 501-244-5475

OR

VIA EMAIL: HRLaborRelations@littlerock.gov

### Certification of Health Care Provider for Employee's Serious Health Condition under the Family and Medical Leave Act

### **U.S. Department of Labor Wage and Hour Division**



Expires: 6/30/2023

OMB Control Number: 1235-0003

DO NOT SEND COMPLETED FORM TO THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR. RETURN TO THE PATIENT.

The Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) provides that an employer may require an employee seeking FMLA protections because of a need for leave due to a serious health condition to submit a medical certification issued by the employee's health care provider. 29 U.S.C. §§ 2613, 2614(c)(3); 29 C.F.R. § 825.305. The employer must give the employee at least 15 calendar days to provide the certification. If the employee fails to provide complete and sufficient medical certification, his or her FMLA leave request may be denied. 29 C.F.R. § 825.313. Information about the FMLA may be found on the WHD website at www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/fmla.

#### **SECTION I – EMPLOYER**

Either the employee or the employer may complete Section I. While use of this form is optional, this form asks the health care provider for the information necessary for a complete and sufficient medical certification, which is set out at 29 C.F.R. § 825.306. You may not ask the employee to provide more information than allowed under the FMLA regulations, 29 C.F.R. §§ 825.306-825.308. Additionally, you <u>may not</u> request a certification for FMLA leave to bond with a healthy newborn child or a child placed for adoption or foster care.

Employers must generally maintain records and documents relating to medical information, medical certifications, recertifications, or medical histories of employees created for FMLA purposes as confidential medical records in separate files/records from the usual personnel files and in accordance with 29 C.F.R. § 1630.14(c)(1), if the Americans with Disabilities Act applies, and in accordance with 29 C.F.R. § 1635.9, if the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act applies.

(1)	Employee name:				
` ′		First	Middle	Last	
(2)	Employer name:			Date:	(mm/dd/yyyy)
				(List date certifice	ation requested)
(3)		fication must be returne ast 15 calendar days from the	ed by ne date requested, unless it is not j	feasible despite the employee's d	(mm/dd/yyyy) iligent, good faith efforts.)
(4)	Employee's job ti	tle:		Job description (	is / □ is not) attached.
	Employee's regula	ar work schedule:			
	Statement of the e	mployee's essential job	functions:		

(The essential functions of the employee's position are determined with reference to the position the employee held at the time the employee notified the employer of the need for leave or the leave started, whichever is earlier.)

#### **SECTION II - HEALTH CARE PROVIDER**

Please provide your contact information, complete all relevant parts of this Section, and sign the form. Your patient has requested leave under the FMLA. The FMLA allows an employer to require that the employee submit a timely, complete, and sufficient medical certification to support a request for FMLA leave due to the serious health condition of the employee. For FMLA purposes, a "serious health condition" means an illness, injury, impairment, or physical or mental condition that involves *inpatient care* or *continuing treatment by a health care provider*. For more information about the definitions of a serious health condition under the FMLA, see the chart on page 4.

You may, but are **not required** to, provide other appropriate medical facts including symptoms, diagnosis, or any regimen of continuing treatment such as the use of specialized equipment. Please note that some state or local laws may not allow disclosure of private medical information about the patient's serious health condition, such as providing the diagnosis and/or course of treatment.

Employee N	Name:
Health Care	e Provider's name: (Print)
Health Care	e Provider's business address:
Type of pra	actice / Medical specialty:
Telephone:	() Fax: () E-mail:
Limit your your best & Part A, co "incapacity of the cond 1635.3(f), g	Medical Information response to the medical condition(s) for which the employee is seeking FMLA leave. Your answers should be estimate based upon your medical knowledge, experience, and examination of the patient. After completing emplete Part B to provide information about the amount of leave needed. Note: For FMLA purposes, "means the inability to work, attend school, or perform regular daily activities due to the condition, treatment ition, or recovery from the condition. Do not provide information about genetic tests, as defined in 29 C.F.R. § genetic services, as defined in 29 C.F.R. § 1635.3(e), or the manifestation of disease or disorder in the employee's others, 29 C.F.R. § 1635.3(b).
(1) State th	ne approximate date the condition started or will start: (mm/dd/yyyy)
(2) Provide	e your <b>best estimate</b> of how long the condition lasted or will last:
, ,	the box(es) for the questions below, as applicable. For all box(es) checked, the amount of leave needed must be ed in Part B.
	<b>Inpatient Care</b> : The patient ( $\square$ has been / $\square$ is expected to be) admitted for an overnight stay in a hospital, hospice, or residential medical care facility on the following date(s):
	Incapacity plus Treatment: (e.g. outpatient surgery, strep throat)  Due to the condition, the patient (□ has been / □ is expected to be) incapacitated for more than three consecutive, full calendar days from (mm/dd/yyyy) to (mm/dd/yyyy).  The patient (□ was / □ will be) seen on the following date(s):
	The condition ( has / has not) also resulted in a course of continuing treatment under the supervision of a health care provider (e.g. prescription medication (other than over-the-counter) or therapy requiring special equipment)
	<u>Pregnancy</u> : The condition is pregnancy. List the expected delivery date: (mm/dd/yyyy).
	<u>Chronic Conditions</u> : (e.g. asthma, migraine headaches) Due to the condition, it is medically necessary for the patient to have treatment visits at least twice per year.
	<u>Permanent or Long Term Conditions</u> : (e.g. Alzheimer's, terminal stages of cancer) Due to the condition, incapacity is permanent or long term and requires the continuing supervision of a health care provider (even if active treatment is not being provided).
	<u>Conditions requiring Multiple Treatments</u> : (e.g. chemotherapy treatments, restorative surgery) Due to the condition, it is medically necessary for the patient to receive multiple treatments.
	<u>None of the above</u> : If none of the above condition(s) were checked, (i.e., inpatient care, pregnancy) no additional information is needed. Go to page 4 to sign and date the form.

Emp	oloyee Name:					
(4)	If needed, briefly describe other appropriate medical facts related to the condition(s) for which the employee seeks FMLA leave. (e.g., use of nebulizer, dialysis)					
For or dexpe	RT B: Amount of Leave Needed the medical condition(s) checked in Part A, complete all that apply. Several questions seek a response as to the frequency uration of a condition, treatment, etc. Your answer should be your best estimate based upon your medical knowledge, rrience, and examination of the patient. Be as specific as you can; terms such as "lifetime," "unknown," or "indeterminate" not be sufficient to determine FMLA coverage.					
(5) Due to the condition, the patient ( $\square$ had / $\square$ will have) <b>planned medical treatment(s)</b> (scheduled medical treatment) on the following date(s):						
(6)	Due to the condition, the patient ( $\square$ was / $\square$ will be) <b>referred to other health care provider(s)</b> for evaluation or treatment(s).					
	State the nature of such treatments: (e.g. cardiologist, physical therapy)					
	Provide your <b>best estimate</b> of the beginning date (mm/dd/yyyy) and end date (mm/dd/yyyy) for the treatment(s).					
	Provide your <b>best estimate</b> of the duration of the treatment(s), including any period(s) of recovery (e.g. 3 days/week)					
(7)	Due to the condition, it is medically necessary for the employee to work a <b>reduced schedule</b> .					
	Provide your <b>best estimate</b> of the reduced schedule the employee is able to work. From					
	(mm/dd/yyyy) to (mm/dd/yyyy) the employee is able to work: (e.g., 5 hours/day, up to 25 hours a week)					
(8)	Due to the condition, the patient ( $\square$ was / $\square$ will be) <b>incapacitated for a continuous period of time</b> , including any time for treatment(s) and/or recovery.					
	Provide your <b>best estimate</b> of the beginning date (mm/dd/yyyy) and end date (mm/dd/yyyy) for the period of incapacity.					
(9)	Due to the condition, it ( $\square$ was / $\square$ is / $\square$ will be) medically necessary for the employee to be absent from work on an <b>intermittent basis</b> (periodically), including for any episodes of incapacity i.e., episodic flare-ups. Provide your <b>best estimate</b> of how often (frequency) and how long (duration) the episodes of incapacity will likely last.					
	Over the next 6 months, episodes of incapacity are estimated to occur times per					
	(□ day / □ week / □ month) and are likely to last approximately (□ hours / □ days) per episode.					

Employee Name:
PART C: Essential Job Functions
If provided, the information in Section I question #4 may be used to answer this question. If the employer fails to provide a
statement of the employee's essential functions or a job description, answer these questions based upon the employee's own

description of the essential job functions. An employee who must be absent from work to receive medical treatment(s), such as scheduled medical visits, for a serious health condition is considered to be *not able* to perform the essential job functions

_	ature of				Nata	(mana/dd/nnnn)
	of the essential	job function(s).	Identify at least one	essential job functio	on the employee is n	ot able to perform:
10)	Due to the cond	lition, the employ	vee (□ was not able /	☐ is not able / ☐ w	will not be able) to pe	erform one or more
	_					

### **Definitions of a Serious Health Condition** (See 29 C.F.R. §§ 825.113-.115)

### **Inpatient Care**

• An overnight stay in a hospital, hospice, or residential medical care facility.

of the position during the absence for treatment(s).

• Inpatient care includes any period of incapacity or any subsequent treatment in connection with the overnight stay.

### Continuing Treatment by a Health Care Provider (any one or more of the following)

<u>Incapacity Plus Treatment</u>: A period of incapacity of more than three consecutive, full calendar days, and any subsequent treatment or period of incapacity relating to the same condition, that also involves either:

- o Two or more in-person visits to a health care provider for treatment within 30 days of the first day of incapacity unless extenuating circumstances exist. The first visit must be within seven days of the first day of incapacity; or,
- O At least one in-person visit to a health care provider for treatment within seven days of the first day of incapacity, which results in a regimen of continuing treatment under the supervision of the health care provider. For example, the health provider might prescribe a course of prescription medication or therapy requiring special equipment.

**Pregnancy:** Any period of incapacity due to pregnancy or for prenatal care.

<u>Chronic Conditions</u>: Any period of incapacity due to or treatment for a chronic serious health condition, such as diabetes, asthma, migraine headaches. A chronic serious health condition is one which requires visits to a health care provider (or nurse supervised by the provider) at least twice a year and recurs over an extended period of time. A chronic condition may cause episodic rather than a continuing period of incapacity.

<u>Permanent or Long-term Conditions</u>: A period of incapacity which is permanent or long-term due to a condition for which treatment may not be effective, but which requires the continuing supervision of a health care provider, such as Alzheimer's disease or the terminal stages of cancer.

<u>Conditions Requiring Multiple Treatments</u>: Restorative surgery after an accident or other injury; or, a condition that would likely result in a period of incapacity of more than three consecutive, full calendar days if the patient did not receive the treatment.

#### PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE AND PUBLIC BURDEN STATEMENT

If submitted, it is mandatory for employers to retain a copy of this disclosure in their records for three years. 29 U.S.C. § 2616; 29 C.F.R. § 825.500. Persons are not required to respond to this collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The Department of Labor estimates that it will take an average of 15 minutes for respondents to complete this collection of information, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. If you have any comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, send them to the Administrator, Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, Room S-3502, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20210.

#### DO NOT SEND COMPLETED FORM TO THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR, RETURN TO THE PATIENT.